

# Free

Rapid changes in SA media landscape





# **FreeFACTS**

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# Rapid changes in SA media landscape

South Africa's media landscape is changing and it is changing rapidly.

The way that we receive our news has changed significantly – but is still too early to say what this means.

This edition of *FreeFACTS* looks at issues such as how many South Africans watch TV or listen to the radio, the circulation of newspapers, and also provides data on the country's most popular websites.

It also provides data on South Africa's levels of press and internet freedom, and like most metrics of this nature, the country performs well.

But the decline in the circulation of South African newspapers and magazines is absolutely astonishing. It is not an exaggeration to say circulation has collapsed for most newspapers and magazines and we still do not know what the long-term effects of this will be.

For example, in 2005 the newspaper with the biggest daily circulation in South Africa was the Daily Sun at over 260 000. By 2023 this had dropped to 12 600. Not all newspapers showed such a precipitous decline but all showed very big drops in the number of people who read them each day. In 2005 there were 15 newspapers with circulations of more than 20 000 a day, by 2023 there were only two.

There was a similar decline when it came to weekly magazines, for example.

Conversely there has been growth in the number of people visiting popular websites, with some sites having hundreds of thousands of visitors a day.

And while this decline in the print media is a concern we should be heartened by the fact that South Africa enjoys a free press and free internet. According to Reporters without Borders South Africa – out of 170 countries – had the 25th freest press in the world, above countries such as the United Kingdom and Australia.

With regard to internet freedom South Africa was the 15th most free out of 70 countries.

There are serious concerns about South Africa's print media but we should be grateful for the media freedom we do enjoy.

— Marius Roodt

## **JOIN US**

The IRR is an advocacy group that fights for your right to make decisions about your life, family and business, free from unnecessary government, political, and bureaucratic interference. **FreeFACTS** publishes evidence that communities are better off when individuals are free to make decisions about how they want to live, be educated, work, access healthcare, think, speak, own property, and protect their communities. If you agree with the issues we stand for, welcome to the team. There are millions of people just like you who are tired of South African politicians, activists, and commentators attempting to rein in your freedom to decide. Take control and make sure your voice is heard by becoming a friend of the IRR.

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#### Adults with access to radio and television, 2005-21

Year	Number of adults <sup>a</sup>	Radio access <sup>b</sup>	Television access <sup>b</sup>	
2005	30 655 696	81.4%	60.3%	
2006	30 903 002	81.7%	61.5%	
2007	31 109 074	79.4%	61.3%	
2008	31 305 016	79.7%	66.9%	
2009	32 498 063	79.9%	67.0%	
2010	34 019 661	80.1%	72.4%	
2011	34 933 809	91.4%	88.5%	
2012	34 935 454	92.6%	91.5%	
2013	37 214 317	83.0%	91.7%	
2014	37 664 536	83.0%	91.8%	
2015	38 258 907	82.9%	92.2%	
2016	38 800 000	83.0%	93.0%	
2017	39 500 000	88.0%	95.0%	
2018	40 100 000	88.0%	96.0%	
2019	40 700 000	88.0%	95.0%	
2020	42 571 395	82.0%	93.0%	
2021	43 099 703	82.0%	93.0%	
2005-21	40.6%	0.7%	54.2%	

Source: Eighty20, All Media and Products Survey (AMPS): Overwhelming and under-mined reasons to love AMPS data, May 2012, p13; AMPS 2013B (January-December 2013), 8 April 2014; AMPS 2014 (July 2013-June 2014), accessed 6 March 2015; AMPS 2015 Individual (June 2014-June 2015), accessed 23 February 2016; Broadcast Research Council of South Africa (BRC), www.brcsa.org.za, RAM 2016 (January-September 2016), accessed 8 March 2017; Establishment Survey: Demographic and Media Consumption Trends, ES Wave 1 Launch Presentation (Jul-Dec 2016), March 2017, pp31, 38; April 2018, pp5 and 15; April 2019, pp5, 33; April 2020, accessed 3 July 2020; www.brcsa.org.za, Nielsen TAMS tv market overview, accessed February 2022; Statistics South Africa (Stats SA), Mid-year population estimates 2020-21 data

a People aged 15 and above.

b Respondents were asked if they had listened to radio or watched television in any sevenday period.

Top ten radio stations by average listenership, 2023						
Radio station <sup>a</sup>	Main studio <sup>b</sup>	Number <sup>c</sup>	Proportion <sup>d</sup>			
Ukhozi FM (Zulu)	Durban, KwaZulu-Natal	7 596 000	17.2%			
Metro FM	Johannesburg, Gauteng	4 698 000	10.6%			
Umhlobo Wenene FM (Xhosa)	Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape	4 194 000	9.5%			
Lesedi FM (Sotho)	Bloemfontein, Free State	3 536 000	8.0%			
Motsweding FM (Tswana)	Mahikeng, North West	3 106 000	7.0%			
Thobela FM (Pedi)	Polokwane, Limpopo	2 881 000	6.5%			
Radio2000	Johannesburg, Gauteng	2 087 000	4.7%			
Gagasi FM	Durban, KwaZulu-Natal	1 524 000	3.4%			
Munghana Lonene FM (Tsonga)	Polokwane, Limpopo	1 457 000	3.3%			
Jacaranda FM	Johannesburg, Gauteng	1 342 000	3.0%			

Source: Source: BRC, www.brcsa.org.za, BRC RAM Radio Listening (October 2022-September 2023), accessed 29 May 2024; Stats SA, Country projections by population group, sex and age 2023-2027, accessed 28 July 2024

a a Listed radio stations broadcast in English unless otherwise stated in brackets.

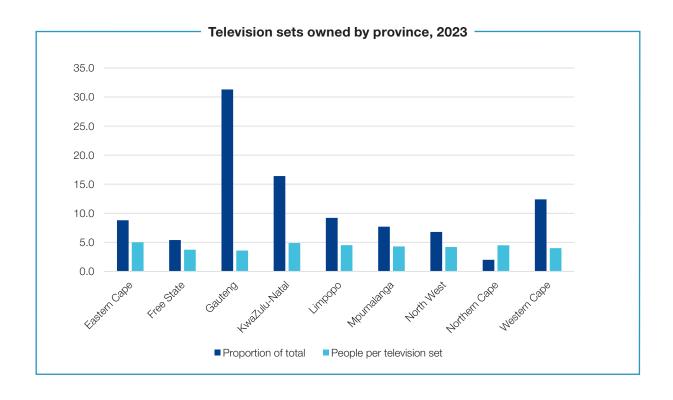
b Applies largely to stations with a wider reach (such as those of the SABC). Other stations, such as those within specific communities, usually have one studio.

c Refers to adults (people aged 15 and above). The listenership numbers are estimates and denote respondents who replied 'I listened to this station in the past seven days'.

d IRR calculations.

Television sets owned by province, 2023						
Province	Number	Proportion of total <sup>a</sup>	People per television set <sup>a</sup>			
Eastern Cape	1 304 000	8.8%	5.0			
Free State	810 000	5.4%	3.7			
Gauteng	4 656 000	31.3%	3.6			
KwaZulu-Natal	2 447 000	16.4%	4.9			
Limpopo	1 377 000	9.2%	4.5			
Mpumalanga	1 147 000	7.7%	4.3			
North West	1 015 000	6.8%	4.2			
Northern Cape	292 000	2.0%	4.5			
Western Cape	1 845 000	12.4%	4.0			
South Africa	14 894 000	100.0%	4.2			

Source: Stats SA, General Household Survey 2023 Addendum tables, Statistical release P0318, 17 August 2023, Table 17.1, p1; Table 1.1, p1 a IRR calculations.



**The Media** 

		Circulation	n of daily	newspape	ers, 2005-2	23		
Newspaper <sup>a</sup>	Headquarters	2005	2017	2019	2021	2022	2023	Change 2005-23
Beeld (Afrikaans)	Johannesburg	51 064	35 934	32 797	22 160	20 318	19 014	-62.8%
Business Day	Johannesburg	29 559	20 313	18 053	15 297	14 410	13 605	-54.0%
Cape Argus	Cape Town	30 393	27 662	27 245	11 115	10 459	8 571	-71.8%
Cape Times	Cape Town	32 371	29 673	29 523	11 855	11 305	9 194	-71.6%
Daily Dispatch	East London	26 147	17 958	15 468	10 566	10 889	10 091	-61.4%
Daily News	Durban	26 973	23 508	22 393	9 687	8 918	7 166	-73.4%
Daily Sun	Johannesburg	265 993	143 981	117 220	40 164	28 006	12 616	-95.3%
Diamond Fields Advertiser	Kimberley	9 161	7 599	7 113	N/A	N/A	N/A	-
Die Burger (Afrikaans)	Cape Town	56 145	47 400	39 625	N/A	26 951	26 110	-53.5%
Isolezwe (Zulu)	Durban	110 155	79 476	72 495	32 680	27 009	19 022	-82.7%
Pretoria News	Pretoria	8 511	12 532	12 478	2 383	N/A	N/A	_
Son (Afrikaans)	Cape Town	82 579	66 045	55 126	20 588	16 016	N/A	-
Sowetan	Johannesburg	92 244	71 797	70 737	29 252	24 869	17 873	-80.6%
The Citizen	Johannesburg	57 097	43 694	40 481	27 492	24 455	22 914	-59.9%
The Herald	Port Elizabeth	20 919	17 067	14 793	10 958	10 380	10 021	-52.1%
The Mercury	Durban	27 499	25 432	24 402	11 633	10 990	9 069	-67.0%
The Star	Johannesburg	91 735	74 520	72 010	27 417	27 257	17 834	-80.6%
The Witness	Pietermaritzburg	16 544	11 641	10 779	7 366	6 405	6 313	-61.8%
Volksblad (Afrikaans)	Bloemfontein	18 652	13 906	13 341	N/A	N/A	N/A	_
Total	<del>_</del>	1 053 741	770 138	696 079	290 613	278 637	209 413	-80.1%

Source: Eighty20, www.eighty20.co.za, AMPS 2012B (January-December 2012) Individuals, accessed 14 May 2013; Audit Bureau of Circulations of South Africa (ABC), www.abc.org.za, accessed January to May 2014; ABC, email correspondence, 29 March 2017; ABC, www.abc.org.za, ABC analysis: Q4 2017, accessed 17 April 2018; Bizcommunity.com, www.bizcommunity.com, accessed 11 April 2023; ABC, www.abc.org.za, ABC analysis: Q4 2023, accessed 16 May 2024

a Published in English unless otherwise stated in brackets.

N/A — Not available.

Circulation of weekly magazines, 2017-23							
Magazine <sup>ab</sup>	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
DRUM	37 200	27 288	19 602	—d	—d	—d	—d
Move!	65 960	53 524	32 811	—d	—d	—d	—d
YOU	95 359	88 301	83 214	72 762	68 911	53 963	43 123
HUISgenoot (Afrikaans)	185 002	174 683	162 307	139 545	129 825	105 296	85 969
People	35 149	29 575	32 303	—d	—d	—d	—d
Vroue Keur (Afrikaans)	48 829	43 554	38 623	—d	—d	—d	—d
Landbouweekblad (Afrikaans)	27 292	22 723	20 692	17 741	12 559	11 162	14 443
Financial Mail	13 016	13 910	13 380	11 652	12 759	12 066	14 893
Farmer's Weekly	11 334	10 421	9 146	7 337	6 912	6 415	5 825
Finweek	18 209	15 423	14 954	11 572	—d	—d	—d
Auto Trader	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GRAZIA South Africa	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kuier <sup>c</sup>	94 851	91 964	85 949	78 358	69 226	54 735	48 634
TIME	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tvplus <sup>c</sup>	15 490	11 164	7 100	5 177	3 439	2 323	N/A

Source: Bizcommunity, www.bizcommunity.com, Magazines ABC Q4 2017-22, accessed 11 April 2023; ABC, www.abc.org.za, ABC analysis: Q4 2023, accessed 16 May 2024

a Published in English unless otherwise stated in brackets.

b Q4 figures.c Published fortnightly.

d Discontinued.

Selected online media sites by unique browsers and page views, 2024					
Sites	Monthly unique visitors	Monthly page views			
	—General news—				
News24	5 480 000	58 100 000			
IOL	3 792 000	28 950 000			
Citizen	3 330 000	14 390 000			
Daily Maverick	2 730 000	20 180 000			
SuperSport	2 712 000	19 080 000			
TimesLIVE	2 393 000	13 270 000			
The South African	1 982 000	8 436 000			
SowetanLIVE	1 156 000	5 320 000			
EWN	992 576	5 354 000			
eNCA	900 706	3 254 000			
Maroela Media	832 944	20 030 000			
Netwerk24	825 174	10 420 000			
Mail & Guardian	796 601	2 621 000			
Sunday World	698 825	4 540 000			
SABC News	589 124	1 429 000			
	-Busines	s–			
Businesses	2 823 000	14 000 000			
BusinessLIVE	1 377 000	6 689 000			
Daily Investor	1 210 000	6 278 000			
Moneyweb	1 018 000	4 771 000			
Bisnow	275 592	576 482			
	-Technology-				
MyBroadband	1 884 000	12 070 000			
TechCentral	348 155	880 339			
ITWeb	311 023	851 651			
Stuff	83 668	186 891			
HTXT	59 112	121 585			

Source: Intermetal, www.sainternetmap.co.za, accessed 13 May 2024

	Press freedoma, selected countries, 202	3
Country	Rank (out of 180)	Score <sup>b</sup>
Australia	27	78.24
Botswana	65	64.61
Brazil	92	58.67
Chile	83	60.09
China	179	22.97
Denmark	3	89.48
Egypt	24	78.72
France	24	78.72
Germany	21	81.91
Ghana	62	65.93
Greece	107	55.20
Hong Kong	140	44.86
India	161	36.62
Indonesia	108	54.83
Ireland	2	89.91
Israel	97	57.57
Italy	41	72.05
Japan	68	63.95
Kazakhstan	134	45.87
Lithuania	7	86.79
Mexico	128	47.98
Mozambique	102	56.13
Nigeria	123	49.56
Pakistan	150	39.95
Philippines	132	46.21
Poland	57	67.66
Russia	164	34.77
Saudi Arabia	170	32.43
South Africa	25	78.60
Spain	35	75.37
Switzerland	12	84.40
Turkey	165	33.37
Uganda	133	46.08
United Kingdom	26	78.51
United States	45	71.22
Venezuela	159	36.99

Source: Reporters Without Borders, World Press Freedom Index 2023, www.rsf.org, accessed 10 July 2023

a The Press Freedom Index is based partly on a questionnaire that looks at seven general criteria. These criteria take into account pluralism or the variety of opinions in the media; media independence; environment and self-censorship; the legislative framework; transparency; news and information infrastructure; levels of violence and harassment during the assessment period, and abuses. Every kind of violation affecting journalists (including murders, imprisonment, physical attacks, and threats) is also taken into account. The Index does not look at human rights violations in general, just press freedom violations.

b Scores range between 0 and 100. A lower score indicates a freer press, and vice versa.

Internet freedom <sup>a</sup> , 2023 (selected countries)					
Country	Rank (out of 70)	Scoreb	Status		
Australia	9	76	Free		
Brazil	23	64	Partly free		
China	70	9	Not free		
Egypt	59	28	Not freee		
France	10	76	Free		
Germany	7	77	Free		
Ghana	22	64	Partly free		
India	41	50	Partly free		
Indonesia	43	47	Partly free		
Italy	13	75	Free		
Japan	8	76	Free		
Kazakhstan	53	34	Not free		
Mexico	25	61	Partly free		
Nigeria	29	60	Partly free		
Pakistan	61	26	Not free		
Philippines	27	61	Partly free		
Russia	66	21	Not free		
Saudi Arabia	63	25	Not free		
South Africa	15	72	Free		
Turkey	55	30	Not free		
Uganda	38	51	Partly free		
United Kingdom	5	78	Free		
United States	12	76	Free		
Venezuela	57	28	Not free		

Source: Freedom House, Freedom on the Net 2023: The Repressive Power of Artificial Intelligence, available at: https://freedomhouse.org/sites/default/files/2024-10/FOTN2023Final24.pdf